ISS23-10 Integrate Stepper Servo Motor Manual



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1. Overview

The ISS23-XX Integrated Stepper Servo Motor is merged the stepper servo driver and motor together. This motor system integrates the servo control technology into the digital stepper drive perfectly. And this product adopts an optical encoder with high speed position sampling feedback of 50 μ s, once the position deviation appears, it will be fixed immediately. This product is compatible the advantages of the stepper drive and the servo drive, such as lower heat, less vibration, fast acceleration, and so on.

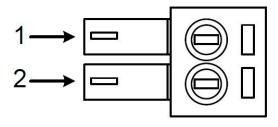
2. Features

- ◆Integrated compact size for saving mounting space
- ♦ Without losing step, High accuracy in positioning
- \bullet 100% rated output torque
- ◆ Variable current control technology, High current efficiency
- ♦ Small vibration, Smooth and reliable moving at low speed
- ◆Accelerate and decelerate control inside, Great improvement in smoothness of starting or stopping the motor
- ♦User-defined microsteps
- ◆No adjustment in general applications
- •Over current, over voltage and over position error protection
- ♦Green light means running while red light means protection or off line



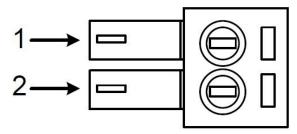
3. Ports Introduction

3.1 ALM signal output ports



Symbol	Name	Remark
ALM+	Alarm output +	
ALM-	Alarm output -	
PED-	Arrive position output-	
PED+	Arrive position output+	

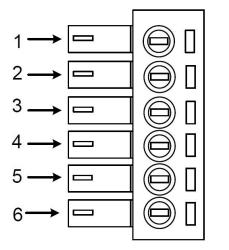
3.2 Control Signal Input Ports





Symbol	Name	Remark
ENA-	Enable signal -	
ENA+	Enable signal +	
DIR-	Direction signal-	Compatible with
DIR+	Direction signal+	5V or 24V
PUL-	Pulse signal -	
PUL+	Pulse signal +	

3.3 Power Interface Ports



Symbol	Name	
VCC	Input power	
GND	Input power ground	

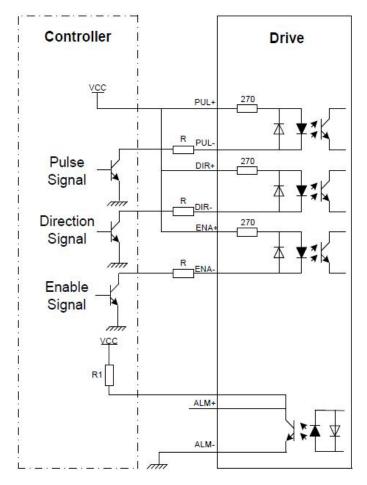


4. Technological Index

Input Voltage		24~50VDC(36V Typical)	
Output	Current	4.5A 20KHz PWM	
Pulse Freq	uency max	200K	
Communi	cation rate	57.6Kbps	
		Over current peak value 8A±10%	
		Over voltage value 80V	
Prote	ction	The over position error range can be set	
		through the HISU	
	Environment	Avoid dust, oil fog and corrosive gases	
	Operating Temperature	70°C MAX	
Environment	Storage Temperature	-20°C~+65°C	
Specifications	pecifications Humidity 40~90%R		
Cooling method		Natural cooling or forced air cooling	

5. Connections to Control Signal

5.1 Connections to Common Anode

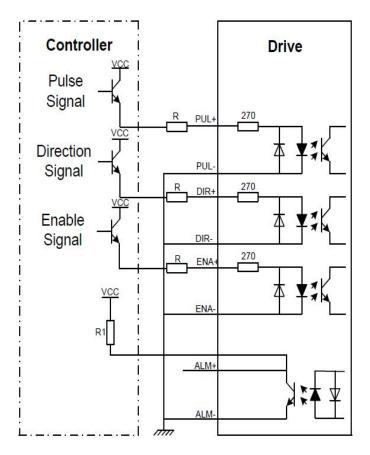


Remark:

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

R(3~5K) must be connected to control signal terminal.

5.2 Connections to Common Cathode

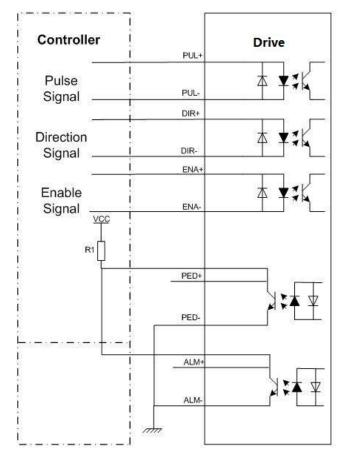


Remark:

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

 $R(3\sim 5K)$ must be connected to control signal terminal.

5.3 Connections to Differential Signal

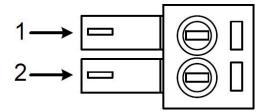


Remark:

VCC is compatible with 5V or 24V;

 $R(3\sim 5K)$ must be connected to control signal terminal.

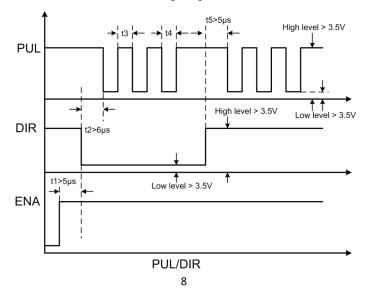
5.4 Connections to 232 Serial Communication Interface



Definition	Remark
NC	Reserved
RX	Receive Data
GND	Power Ground
TX	Transmit Data
+5V	Power Supply to HISU

5.5 Sequence Chart of Control Signals

In order to avoid some fault operations and deviations, PUL, DIR and ENA should abide by some rules, shown as following diagram:



Remark:

a. t1: ENA must be ahead of DIR by at least 5μ s. Usually, ENA+ and ENA-

are NC (not connected).

b. t2: DIR must be ahead of PUL active edge by 6µs to ensure correct direction;

c. t3: Pulse width not less than 2.5 µs;

d. t4: Low level width not less than $2.5 \mu s$.

6. DIP Switch Setting

6.1 microsteps Setting

The microsteps setting is in the following table, while SW1,SW,SW,SW4 are all on, the internal default microsteps inside is activate this ratio can be setting through the HISU.

Dial switch Microsteps	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4
Default	on	on	on	on
800	off	on	on	on
1600	on	off	on	on
3200	off	off	on	on
6400	on	on	off	on
12800	off	on	off	on
25600	on	off	off	on
51200	off	off	off	on
1000	on	on	on	off



2000	off	on	on	off
4000	on	off	on	off
5000	off	off	on	off
8000	on	on	off	off
10000	off	on	off	off
20000	on	off	off	off
40000	off	off	off	off

6.2 Running Direction Setting

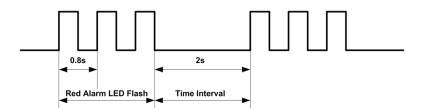
SW5 is used for setting the activate edge of the input signal, "off"

means the activate edge is the rising edge, while "on" is the falling edge.

6.3 Activate Edge Setting

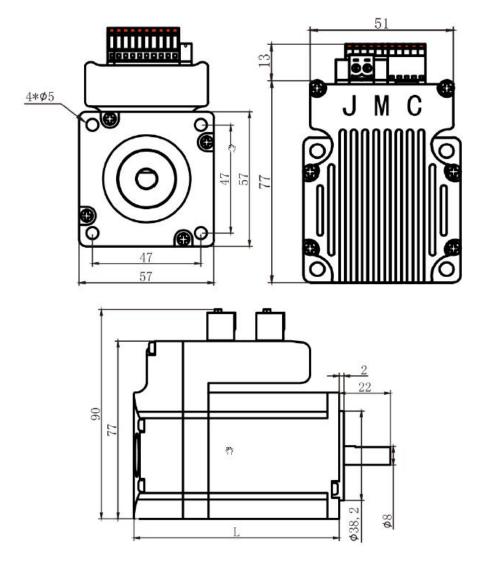
SW6 is used for setting the running direction, "off" means CCW, while "on" means CW.

7. Faults alarm and LED flicker frequency



Flicker Frequency	Description to the Faults
1	Error occurs when the motor coil current exceeds the drive's current limit.
2	Voltage reference error in the drive
3	Parameters upload error in the drive
4	Error occurs when the input voltage exceeds the drive's voltage limit.
5	Error occurs when the actual position following error exceeds the limit which is set by the position error limit .

8. Appear ce and Installation Dimensions



Model	Length(mm)
ISS23-10	85
ISS23-20	106

9. Parameter Setting

The parameter setting method of ISS23-XX drive is to use a HISU adjuster through the 232 serial communication ports, only in this way can we setting the parameters we want. There are a set of best default parameters to the corresponding motor which are carefully adjusted by our engineers, users only need refer to the following table, specific condition and set the correct parameters.

Mode	Definition	Range	Dimension	Drive Restart	Defaule Value
P1	Current loop Kp	0—4000	1	Ν	1000
P2	Current loop Ki	0-1000	1	Ν	100
P3	Damping coefficient	0-1000	1	Ν	100
P4	Position loop Kp	0—4000	1	Ν	1300
P5	Position loop Ki	0-1000	1	Ν	250
P6	Speed loop Kp	0-3000	1	Ν	50
P7	Position loop Ki	0-1000	1	N	10
P8	Open loop current	0-40	0.1	N	30
P9	Close loop current	0-30	0.1	Ν	20

Actual value = Set value the corresponding dimension

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P10	Alarm level	0-1	1	Ν	0
P11	Reserved				
P12	Stop lock enable	0-1	1	N	0
P13	Enable signal level	0-1	1	Ν	0
P14	Arrival level	0-1	1	Ν	1
P15	Reserved				
P16	Position error limit	0-3000	10	Ν	1000
P17	Reserved				
P18	Reserved				
P19	Speed smoothness	0-10	1	N	0
P20	User-defined p/r	4-1000	50	Y	8

There are total 20 parameter configurations, use the HISU to download the configured parameters to the drive, the detail descriptions to every parameter configuration are as follows:

Item	Description
	Increase Kp to make current rise fast. Proportional
Current loop Kp	Gain determines the response of the drive to setting
	command. Low Proportional Gain provides a stable
	system (doesn't oscillate), has low stiffness, and the
	current error, causing poor performances in tracking
	current setting command in each step. Too large
	proportional gain values will cause oscillations and
	unstable system.
Current loop Ki	Adjust Ki to reduce the steady error. Integral Gain
	helps the drive to overcome static current errors.
	A low or zero value for Integral Gain may have current
	errors at rest. Increasing the integral gain can reduce the
	error. If the Integral Gain is too large, the system may
Damping	"hunt" (oscillate) around the desired position.
coefficient	This parameter is used to change the damping
	coefficient in case of the desired operating state is
	under resonance frequency.
Position loop Kp	The PI parameters of the position loop. The default values
Position loop Ki	are suitable for most of the application, you don't need
	to change them. Contact us if you have any question.
Speed loop Kp	The PI parameters of the speed loop. The default values
Speed loop Ki	are suitable for most of the application, you don't need
Speed loop IX	to change them. Contact us if you have any question.

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Datasheet of the integrated easy servo motor

Open loop current Close loop current	This parameter affects the dynamic torque of the motor. (The actual current = open loop current + close loop current)
Alarm Control	This parameter is set to control the Alarm optocoupler output transistor. 0 means the transistor is cut off when the system is in normal working, but
	when it comes to fault of the drive, the transistor becomes conductive. 1 means opposite to 0.
Stop lock enable	This parameter is set to enable the stop clock of the drive. 1 means enable this function while 0 means disable it.
Enable Control	This parameter is set to control the Enable input signal level, 0 means low, while 1 means high.
Arrival Control	This parameter is set to control the Arrival optocoupler
	output transistor. 0 means the transistor is cut off when the drive satisfies the arrival command, but when it comes to not, the transistor becomes conductive. 1 means opposite to 0.
Position error limit	The limit of the position following error. When the actual position error exceeds this value, the drive will go into error mode and the fault output will be activated. (The actual value = the set value 10)

Speed Smoothness	This parameter is set to control the smoothness of the speed of the motor while acceleration or deceleration, the larger the value, the smoother the speed in acceleration or deceleration.
	0 1 2 10
User-defined p/r	This parameter is set of user-defined pulse per revolution, the internal default microsteps inside is
	activate while SW3 SW4 SW5 SW6 are all on, users can also set the microsteps by the outer DIP
	switches. (The actual microsteps = the set value 50)

10.Frequently Asked Questions

10.1 Power on power light off

■No power input, please check the power supply circuit. The voltage is too low.

10.2 Power on red alarm light on

■Please check the motor feedback signal and if the motor is connected with the drive.

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■ The stepper servo drive is over voltage or under voltage. Please lower or increase the input voltage.

10.3 Red alarm light on after the motor running a small angle

■ Please check the motor phase wires if they are connected correctly, if not, please refer to the 3.4 Power Ports.

■ Please check the parameter in the drive if the poles of the motor and the encoder lines are corresponding with the real parameters, if not, set them correctly.

■ Please check if the frequency of the pulse signal is too fast, thus the motor may be out of it rated speed, and lead to position error.

10.4 After input pulse signal but the motor not running

Please check the input pulse signal wires are connected in reliable way.

■Please make sure the input pulse mode is corresponding with the real input mode.